## Does The SPAC Have A Future In Biopharma?

Special Purpose Acquisition Companies Can Speed Up Going Public, But There Are Risks

22 Aug 2022 ANALYSIS



by Chloe Kent Chloe.Kent@informa.com

## Executive Summary Special purpose acquisition companies can bring biopharma firms to market faster than a

returned to shareholders.

trend appears to ground to a halt.

traditional initial public offering, but frequent failures and increased scrutiny from the US Securities and Exchange Commission mean their heyday in the life sciences space is arguably over.



can be an appealing alternative to the 'traditional' initial public offering process. Rather than teaming up with

publicly listed shell company - the SPAC. But following the SPAC boom of 2020 and 2021, when dozens of SPACs launched and began their search for a partner, the bubble seems to have finally burst. SPACs launch IPOs to raise money which they hold in trust until they find another entity to merge with, a process known as a de-SPAC. The company which has merged with the SPAC then uses its cash to fund its operations and takes over its stock market listing, going public while bypassing the rigmarole of a traditional IPO. If a SPAC does not identify an organization to merge with within two years of its IPO, funds raised are

an underwriter to start selling its shares on a public exchange for the first time, a firm can merge with a

consistent revenue, such as firms involved in niche drug development fields. These organizations may struggle to convince traditional IPO investors to commit to their cause, while still standing to benefit from the bolstered profile and increased investment opportunities that come with public status. The sudden SPAC boom of 2020 and 2021 saw more than \$80bn raised in the former year and more than \$160bn raised in the latter. In 2019, SPACs raised less than 9% of what they raised in 2021. But in 2022 the

The pathway has clear appeal for more high-risk companies which could be years away from generating

that there "were zero SPACs that hit the market in SPACs Surge In 2020 July 2022 and that is a significant drop-off, because By Ben Comer most people estimate there were about 600 SPACs 15 Feb 2021 formed in 2020 and 2021."

down from almost 400 this time last year, leaving the life sciences industry questioning whether the process is still a viable pathway for biopharma companies. Luke Marshall, life science sales director at Donnelley Financial Solutions, believes that it is.

Around 70 SPACs have gone public thus far in 2022,

Hogan Lovells partner Barry Burgdorf told In Vivo

More than 600 SPACs are currently looking for targets, and many are about to run up against their two-year merger deadlines from Q4 onwards. As Burgdorf explained: "For a life sciences company looking for an exit there is a lot of capital available out there in these existing SPACs that may be hunting for targets."

getting that process completed end-to-end."

the transaction," remarked Zura Bio CEO Oliver Levy.

Biopharma companies also make up three out of the ten most short-lived SPAC deals of the year so far, as

Natural killer cell therapy developer Cytovia

Therapeutics, a biopharma focused on the

days from announcement.

investors, has come under strain.

SEC Puts Its Foot Down

Therapeutics, Inc., which merged with Isleworth

shortest-lived SPAC deals of 2022. The firm went

Healthcare Acquisition Corp., represented one of the

public in a \$325m deal in April but was listed for only

65 days before withdrawing from the market. Aerami

SPAC Success

Scrip, 18 Jan, 2022.)

identified by Reuters.

## special purpose acquisition companies (SPACs), also known as blank check companies.

"The SPAC as an asset class is still a functional path for biopharma companies to go public, but its reputation has been tainted due to poor performance of companies that have listed via a SPAC merger, increased regulatory scrutiny by the US Securities and Exchange Commission, high redemption rates by initial SPAC IPO investors, all of which have been exacerbated by weakness in the equity markets."

Despite the COVID-19 chaos felt by many

industries in 2020, biopharma IPOs recorded a

banner year – including a marked rise in the use of

Read the full article here >

bandwagon. Someit Sidhu, CEO of SPAC JATT Acquisition, said: "I think the 2020/21 SPAC boom was just a reflection of where the markets were at the time, and now we're on the other side of that so we're seeing depressed

valuations and a market that's not acting as kindly as it once was. Now the challenge for a lot of SPACs is

Pre-2020, SPACs were rarely picked as a route to the public exchange, apart from by companies that might struggle to overcome investor scrutiny when attempting to launch an IPO. With the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, however, attitudes to SPACs began to shift – alongside individuals grounded in big business, public figures such as Jay-Z, Serena Williams and Shaquille O'Neal were suddenly queuing up to jump on the SPAC

JATT recently struck a deal worth \$215m to create NYSE-listed biotechnology company Zura Bio Limited. Zura is a UK-based biotech business that is now advancing an antibody treatment to tackle alopecia. "Thus far, things have been going well. Our experience may also be unique as we have strong support from

both JATT and Zura investors, and some of the JATT team are also committed to joining Zura on the close of

committed capital that the deal brings, but also the team members that will be joining the business as part of the transaction. Given our confidence in our clinical programs, we also believe that we can create the most value as a public company and this unique SPAC deal presented the most timely and efficient path toward that

He added: "This has been the preferred route for us; the advantage of our specific deal is not only the

goal." Investors Reassess SPAC Risks But for every SPAC success story there seems to be another organization that sees the go-public-quick scheme

blow up in its face. Several high-profile SPAC failures, both inside and outside of biopharma, have sullied the reputation of the whole operation. (Also see "Finance Watch: SPACs Lose Their Luster As Difficulties Mount" -

UK microbiome-based drug developer 4D Pharma Plc recently became one of the biopharma industry's latest SPAC casualties, as the NASDAQ-listed company went into administration on 24 June. (Also see "4D Pharma Is

Latest Biotech Casualty After Creditor Calls Time" - Scrip, 29 Jun, 2022.) This was just 18 months after it was listed following a \$37.6m merger with a SPAC in February 2021. (Also see "4D Pharma Joins The SPAC Trend To Fund Its Keytruda-Boosting Biotherapeutic" - Scrip, 16 Feb, 2021.) The company agreed a senior secured credit facility of up to \$30m with Oxford Finance in July last year, starting with an initial \$12.5m sum, but failed to meet the necessary terms to qualify for further payments. It finished its financial year with losses of £54.7m (\$61.4m) and only £15.5m in cash.

to date, raising the question of how long the SPAC development of inhaled therapies for severe boom will last. respiratory diseases, terminated its planned \$250m merger with a SPAC known as FoxWayne Enterprises Read the full article here >

Acquisition Corp with 87 days between announcement and withdrawal. (Also see "Finance Watch: Biopharma IPO Market Silence Continues In The US" - Scrip, 15 Mar, 2022.) Meanwhile, UK psychedelic drug developer Eleusis Holdings pulled out of its \$1.32bn deal with SPAC Sports Ventures Acquisition Corp 142

Cases such as these have created an environment where faith in the SPAC model, from both companies and

contingent compensation and fee structures, offerings with a mix of equities and derivatives in the form of warrants or rights, rights that allow investors to redeem their shares but still vote in favor of a merger and

regulation. SEC chairman Gary Gensler said: "For traditional IPOs, Congress gave the SEC certain tools, which I

Addressing the treatment of business combination transactions involving the reporting of a shell company under the Securities Act of 1993, alongside amending the financial statement requirements applicable to transactions involving shell companies.

forced to get to grips with new legislation.

A Future Comeback May Be Possible Alongside a damaged reputation and looming SEC intervention, the conditions of the market simply aren't

"When the market was positive, SPACs were something that people were interested in launching and the benefit of launching a SPAC was greater than the potential downsides, said JATT Acquisition's Sidhu. "Now, I

de-SPAC transaction - have also been on the rise this year.

think we're on the other side of that, where people are thinking twice around this transaction and around the SPAC dynamic as a whole." Just because the SPAC trend may have come to a close, that doesn't mean that there's no future for this particular business model. If biopharma firms looking to go public are able to find the right SPAC partner for

difficulties faced by their competitors. "It's like all these financial trends – they're cyclical, so you reach a saturation point," said Burgdorf. "An enormous amount of capital has been soaked up and put into SPACs, so now it's up to the SPACs to go out and create the value that they're trying to get. If the markets prove this to be a viable strategy and these SPACs are able to create value through this vehicle, then years down the road there might be another wave of SPAC

## The shaky ground on which SPACs currently stand has prompted the US SEC to propose new rules around their

SPAC Mergers Are Viable Funding Tools, But

Dozens of health care-focused special purpose

acquisition corporations have gone public during

the past two years but many biopharma firms that

have merged with SPACs have not performed well

The Test Is Yet To Come

By Mandy Jackson

24 Nov 2021

generally see as falling into three buckets: disclosure; standards for marketing practices; and gatekeeper and issuer obligations. Today's proposal would help ensure that these tools are applied to SPACs." As SEC commissioner Caroline Crenshaw explained in a public statement: "A typical SPAC is a complex structure. It can include several sophisticated participants with differing and sometimes competing incentives, later-stage capital infusions. Those characteristics can, and often do, raise conflict of interest concerns, among others."

The proposed new rules would mandate the following key changes for SPACs: Enhanced disclosures and additional investor protections in SPAC IPOs and in business transactions

between SPACs and private operating companies.

Additional guidance on the use of projections in SEC filings to address concerns about SPAC reliability.

SPACs to be assisted in assessing when they may be subject to regulation under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The proposed new rules could be both a blessing and a curse for the SPAC space. While they could benefit both

investors and companies in the long run by weeding out less viable deals and creating a more sophisticated market, increased scrutiny could ultimately hamper the market in the short term as SPACs and their targets are

what they were two years ago. Rising inflation and warnings of a long recession mean investors are being much more cautious with their cash, and there's little appetite for financial risk. SPAC redemptions - that is, investors withdrawing their money from the SPAC for a pro rata sum of the entity's funds before it completes a

them, there's every chance the transaction will still be able to create considerable value, regardless of the

formation."